#### BACKGROUND

• Although a 2012 U.S. national survey indicated that 30% of adults and 12% of children engaged in non-allopathic care, little attention is devoted to this in medical school curricula, both in understanding the practices and communicating about them with our patients.

### **OBJECTIVES**

- Provide basic introduction to mostcommonly encountered non-allopathic practices
- Explore the evidence base for other models of healing
- Discuss communication with our patients about these practices

## THEMES THROUGHOUT COURSE

- Humility and Hubris
- Mind-Body Connection vs. Divide
- Additional tools in our toolbox

#### **METHODS**

- Extensive review of popular and peer-reviewed literature
- Development of 1-2 page pre-class readings
- Development of class discussion questions

# Creating an Integrative and Mind-Body Medicine Elective for Medical Students

Christa Kuck, BA and James E. Stahl, MD, MPH

Seeking humility: What can allopathic physicians gain by better understanding other models of healing, and how does that lead to better communication with our patients?

(Lead by listening)



#### CLASSES

- 1. Why not just allopathy?
- 2. Healthcare and wellbeing:
  Pharmaceuticals, Surgery and
  Procedures, Mind-Body-Spirit,
  Self-care and Community
- 3. Placebo and Nocebo
- 4. Non-Western Systems:
  Traditional Chinese Medicine and
  Ayurvedic Medicine
- 5. Western Systems:
  Chiropractic, Naturopathic
  Medicine, and the Supplement
  Industry
- 6. Manual Medicine:
  Chiropractic, Massage,
  Craniosacral, Reflexology, and
  others
- 7. Energetic Medicine: Reiki and others
- 8. Mind-Body Medicine I:
  Meditation and
  the Relaxation Response
- 9. Mind-Body Medicine II: Yoga and Tai Chi
- 10. Mind-Body Medicine III:
  Breathing and breathwork
- 11. Integration

