Shared Decision Making in Primary Care

Charles Brackett
Kate Clay
10/7/05

Your next patient:

65 y.o. man with htn and OA coming in for a yearly physical. HCM is up to date other than the last PSA being checked 16 months ago.

Patient's Expanding Role in Decision Making

- Annals 8/16/05

- Relationship: paternalism → partnership
- Increasing patient autonomy
- Broader access to information
- Expanding clinical options
- Rising costs
- Ascendancy of chronic illness
- Complex tradeoffs
- Greater accommodation of personal values

TREATMENT-RELATED DECISIONAL CONFLICT:

Is the treatment ...

An Option ?

A Guideline ?

A Standard of Care ?

Incr. uncertainty
&
Incr. likelihood
of
decisional
conflict

D.M. EDDY, 1992: ASSESSING HEALTH PRACTICES & DESIGNING PRACTICE POLICIES

Challenges to SDM

- Different patient preferences for role
- Literacy/numeracy
- Time/money
- Clinician knowledge: statistical details
- Clinician bias
- Health care system is slow to evolve



Decision Aids

- adjunct to counseling
- <u>inform</u> re options, benefits, risks
- specify <u>probabilities</u> of outcomes
- clarify personal values & norms
- <u>guide</u> in deliberating & communicating
- <u>empower</u> patient



Decision Aids

Print/video/decision boards/audiotape/web formats

- Improve balance, accuracy, consistency of information
- Expand counseling beyond time constraints of busy office visits
- Increase patient involvement in decision making Reduce decisional conflict
- Improve realistic expectations
- Lower decisional conflict
- Decrease number who are undecided
- Improve knowledge, concordance between values and choices

PSA video

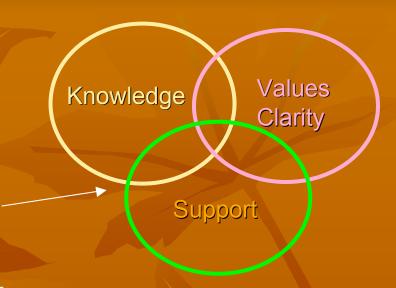


Decision Counseling

- Clinicians without Informed-Choice Training
- Clinicians with Informed-Choice Training
- Trained third party: Decision Counselors

Decision Quality

- Decision support is a process of:
 - assessing decisional needs
 - intervening to address individual needs
 - evaluating the quality of decision making
- A Quality Decision is Informed and Values-based
- Decision quality improves with:
 - Patient decision aids
 - Personal health coaching by nurses using a structured decision guide



Conclusions

- A good decision is informed and values based
- Knowledge, values and support needs should be assessed and addressed
- Decision aids and decision support protocols can improve decision quality (Kennedy, JAMA, 2002; O'Connor, Cochrane Lib, 2003; O'Connor, 2002)
- but only if they are imbedded in care pathways



Logistical Challenges

- Timing
- Space/resources
- Coordinating mailings or in-office viewing
- Support staff time/overhead

Patient acceptance

DHMC Center for Shared Decision Making FIMDM Decision Aid Loans Time period: 1 January 2003 - 30 June 2005

Patient Decision Aid Loans

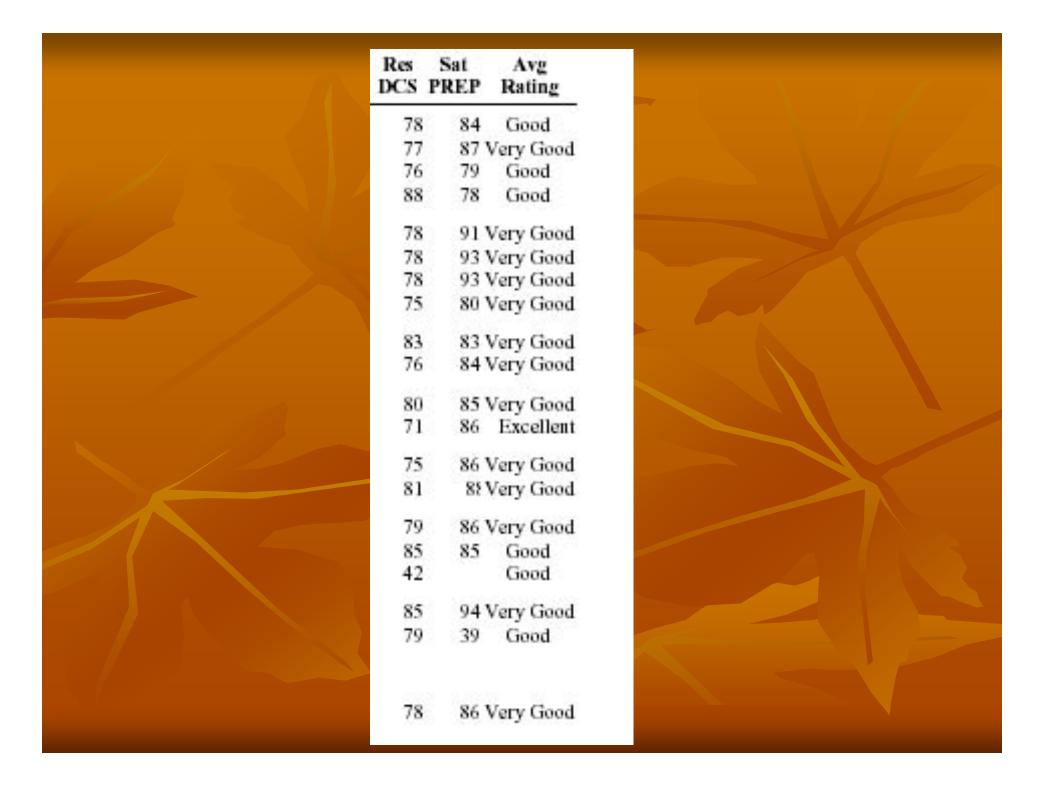
Circulation, demographic characteristics, and questionnaire response summary

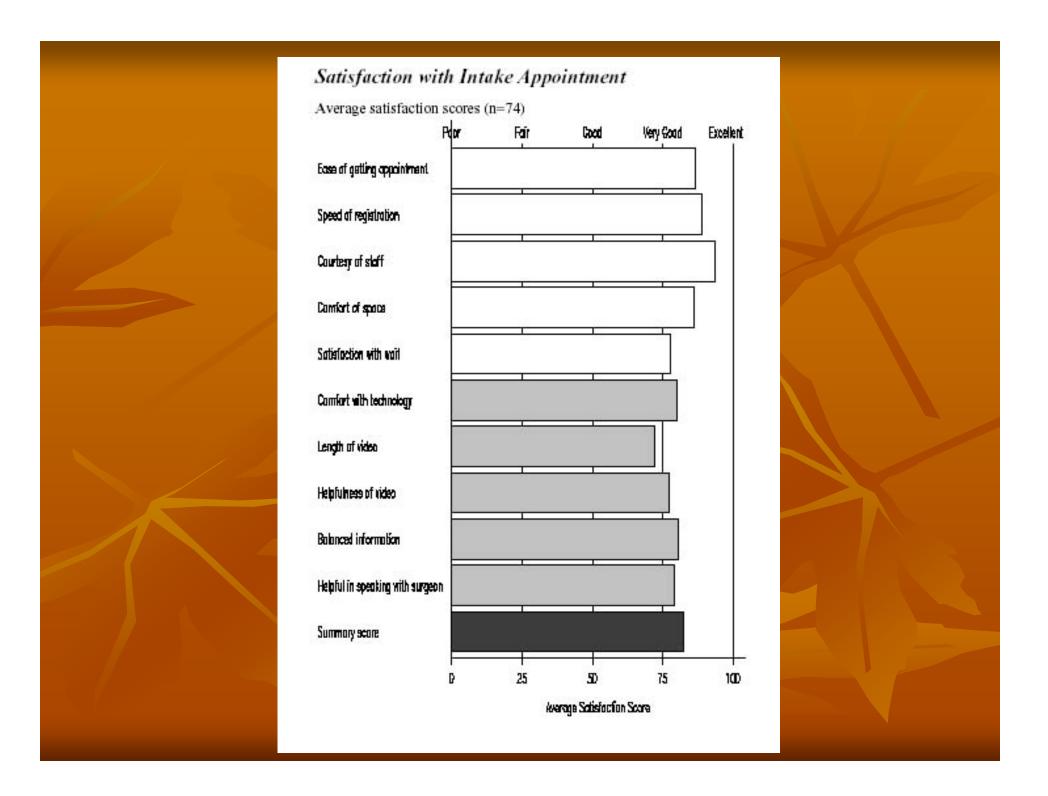
Category	FIMDM Video	Count	(%)	Year 2005	to date (dvd)		Avg Age	Female %	Ques N	Ques Comp			Trt Pref Post Vid		Sat PREP	Avg Rating
BACK	Herniated Disc: Treatment Choices	362	(19%)	177		50	45.7	46 %	191	(67%)	27 %	(58%)	(71%)	78	84	Good
	Spinal Stenosis: Treatment Choices	292	(15%)	119		62	68.6	55 %	196	(77%)	22 %	(70%)	(80%)	77	87	Very Good
	Chronic Low Back Pain: Managing Pain	251	(13%)	209	(91)	5	46.3	54 %	91	(59%)	23 %	(70%)	(81%)	76	79	Good
	Acute Low Back Pain: Treatment Choices	3	(0%)	3		0	74.0	67 %	1	(50%)	100 %	(100%)	(0%)	88	78	Good
BREAST	Early Breast Cancer: Choosing Surgery	28	(15%)	50	(2)	58	59.1	100 %	112	(90%)	8 %	(59%)	(70%)	78	91	Very Good
	Breast Reconstruction: Right for you?	217	(12%)	64	(5)	48	53.3	99 %	114	(83%)	11%	(71%)	(78%)	78	93	Very Good
	DCIS: Treatment Choices	66	(4%)	21	(2)	17	56.0	97 %	20	(95%)	30 %	(70%)	(68%)	78	93	Very Good
	Early Breast Cancer: Adjuvant Therapy	27	(1%)	10	(1)	1	60.5	96 %	18	(85%	33 %	(56%)	(72%)	75	80	Very Good
KNEE/HIP	Knee Osteoarthritis: Treatment Choices	76	(4%)	34	(5)	10	63.2	57 %	52	(77%)	25 %	(71%)	(86%)	83	83	Very Good
	Hip Osteoarthritis; Treatment Choices	49	(3%)	38	(10)	0	58.3	49 %	31	(78%)	23 %	(86%)	(80%)	76	84	Very Good
CARDIAC	Coronary Artery Disease: Living With	90	(5%)	57	(43)	0	65.0	16%	83	(94%)	10 %	(95%)	(99%)	80	85	Very Good
	Coronary Artery Disease: Treatment Choices	4	(0%)	1		1	69.3	50 %	3	(75%)		(100%)	(100%)	71	86	Excellent
PROSTATE	Prostate Cancer: Treatment Choices	78	(4%)	33		7	66.1	5 %	52	(81%)	21%	(63%)	(73%)	75	86	Very Good
	BPH: Treatment Choices	7	(0%)	3		2	67.1	0.9%	4	(57%)	50 %	(25%)	(75%)	81	85.	Very Good
OB/GYN	BUC Fibroids: Treatment Choices	37	(2%)	6	(1)	12	45.6	100 %	26	(74%)	15 %	(85%)	(92%)	79	86	Very Good
	BUC Abnormal Bleeding: Treatment Choices	14	(1%)	5	(3)	3	46.1	100 %	8	(62%)	25 %	(75%)	(100%)	85	85	Good
	Ovarian Cancer: Reducing Risks	4	(0%)	1	12/2	2	56.3	75 %	1	(50%)		(0%)	(0%)	42		Good
GIM	PSA test: Right for you?	17	(1%)	3	(2)	3	60.9	0 %	9	(60%)	33 %	(78%	(100%)	85	94	Very Good
	Colon Cancer Screening	4	(0%)	4		0	60.3	75 %	1	(100%)	100 %	(100%)	(100%)	79	39	Good
Other	Peace of Mind: Advanced Directives	5	(0%)	1		-	45.0	60 %	0	(0%)						
	Total	1884	(100%)	839	(165)	282	55.9	64 %	1013	(78%)	20 %	(69%)	(79%)	78	86	Very Good

COLUMNS

- Count (%): DA frequency (column %), Year to date 2005 (dvd): 1/1 6/30/2005 total(dvd) count, YTD 2004: 1/1 6/30/2004 total, Avg age: average patient age, Female %: percent female
- Ques N: returned questionnaires, Ques Comp: % eligible loans with a questionnaire, Switch Pref: % changing treatment preference (before vs. after video), Trt Pref: % indicating a treatment preference
- Res DCS: Resolution of Decisional Conflict score (Annette O'Conner, 1993): Scores >- 75 are associated with those who make decisions; scores <- 62.5 are associated with those who delay decisions.
- Sat PREP: Satisfaction with Preparation for Decision Making (Ian Graham, Armette O'Connor, 1996), Average DA Rating scale: (Poor, Fair, Good, Very Good, Excellent)

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Next patient:

61 y.o. woman in for follow-up of COPD and DM. You note that she had a sigmoidoscopy 6 years ago and last FOBT 2 years ago

Colon cancer screening video

Resources to Support Decision Making

- Ottawa Health Research Institute
 - http://decisionaid.ohri.ca/index.html
- WebMD
 - http://www.webmd.com/
- Collaborative Care
 - http://www.collaborativecare.net
- Mayo Clinic
 - http://www.mayoclinic.com
- DHMC Center for Shared Decision Making
 - http://www.hitchcock.org/dept/csdm





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Ottawa Decision Aids

· Ottawa Personal Decision Guide

A-Z Inventory of Decision Aids

Cochrane Systematic Review

- · Cochrane Inventory
- · CREDIBLE Criteria

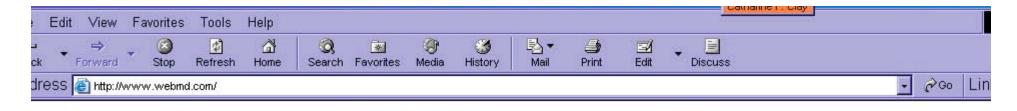
Training in Decision Support

Evaluation Measures

Resources

OHRI

- Ottawa Decision Aids
- Ottawa Personal Decision Guide
- A to Z Global Inventory of Patient Decision Aids
- Cochrane Systematic Review:
 Efficacy of Patient Decision Aids
- Training in Decision Support
- Evaluation Measures
- Resources





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Mental Health

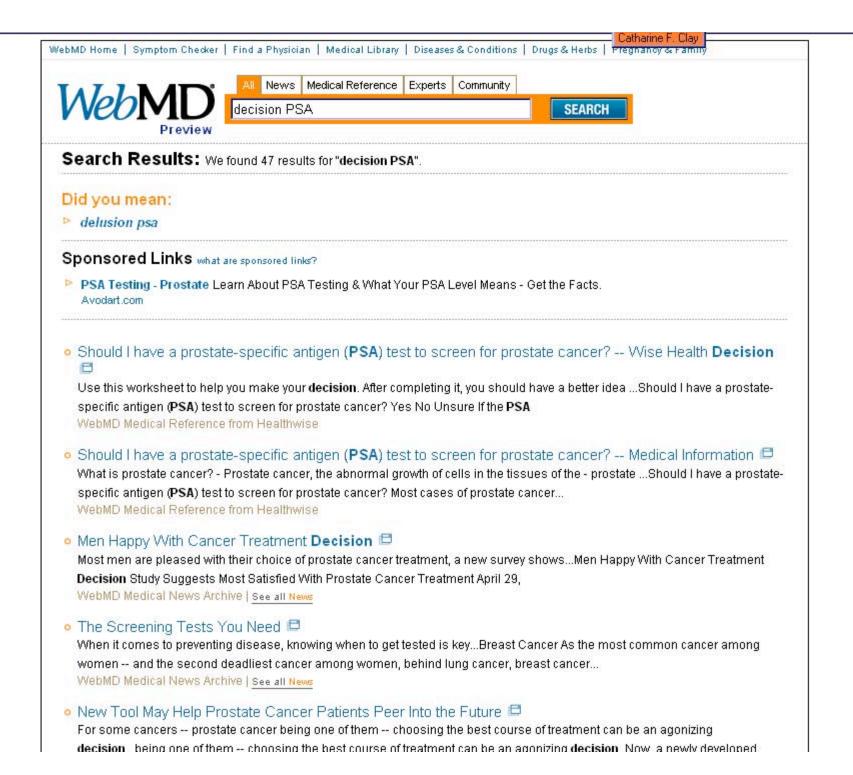
ADD/ADHD, Bipolar, Anxiety/Panic, Depression, Emotional Wellness, Schizophrenia

From Our Sponsor.

Bipolar Disorder: Treatment Information

Parenting

ADD/ADHD, Autism, New Baby Basics, Healthy Home, Back to School, Fall Family Makeover



nterested in learning more about prostate cancer?

All Conditions

Click here for more information about prostate cancer education and advocacy Web sites. (A) CANCERINFO. NET



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Health Guide A-Z

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Should I have a prostate-specific antigen (PSA) test to screen for prostate cancer?



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Introduction

Join now! GO

This information will help you understand your choices, whether you share in the decision-making process or rely on your doctor's recommendation.

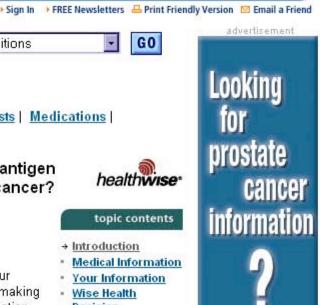
Key points in making your decision

The prostate-specific antigen (PSA) test is the most common test used to screen for prostate cancer. About 75% of U.S. men age 50 or older have undergone PSA testing. Digital rectal examinations (DREs) are commonly done with PSA tests as part of screening for prostate cancer. If you are thinking about having a PSA test, consider the following risks and benefits of screening.

• If you are in your 50s or 60s and in good health, you may choose to have the test because prostate cancer is common and cancer treatment could result in a number of cancer-free years.

topic contents

- → Introduction
- Medical Information
- Your Information
- Wise Health Decision
- References
- Credits





Click here for a comprehensive collection of patient and caregiver resources. ACDIAID. a Physician

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Should I have a prostate-specific antigen (PSA) test to screen for prostate cancer?



Introduction

→ Wise Health

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Decision

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Your Information

Wise Health Decision

Use this worksheet to help you make your decision. After completing it, you should have a better idea of how you feel about having a PSA test. Discuss the worksheet with your doctor.

SE 10 10

Circle the answer th	hat best	applies	to you	I.
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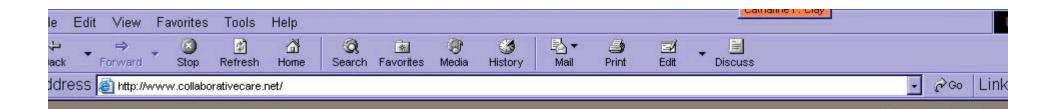
I'm only 51 and want to find out now, while I'm in robust health, if I have cancer in my prostate.	Yes	No	NA*
My health is not so good, and I'm not sure I am up to pursuing cancer testing and treatment.	Yes	No	NA
It is important for me to know if I have cancer, even if it is early and not causing symptoms yet.	Yes	No	Unsure
If the PSA test and any necessary cancer treatment will not add years to my life, I am not sure it's smart to get tested.	Yes	No	Unsure
I don't want to have to get tests and then more tests just to find out if I have a cancer that is small and not growing fast.	Yes	No	Unsure
A PSA test may not be a good screening test for me because I have an enlarged prostate and am aware that my PSA levels will always be higher than normal.	Yes	No	NA
I am concerned that I might end up with urinary and erection problems if I have treatment after positive results from a PSA test.	Yes	No	Unsure
There's a history of prostate cancer in my family, and I will do anything I can to avoid	Yes	No	NA

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CollaborativeCare not

welcome

CollaborativeCare net is an online service of the Foundation for Informed Medical Decision Making and Health Dialog. CollaborativeCare.net provides decision support to individuals making choices about their healthcare. Collaborative Care ** based on the Foundation's concept of Shared Decision-Making. It helps patients become informed about their medical options, communicate effectively with their doctors, and achieve better overall health outcomes. CollaborativeCare net currently features decision aids for breast cancer patients and information for men deciding whether to have a Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test.

Health Dialog and the Foundation are committed to helping breast cancer patients get the decision support they need to make the treatment choices that are right for them. At the CollaborativeCare net Breast Cancer Center, you will find audio-visual presentations on thirteen crossroads in a breast cancer patient's path, text overviews of evidence-based information relevant to each decision, research abstracts, related links, and photos of the results of mastectomy, lumpectomy, and reconstruction.

On the PSA Decision pages, you will find information on ordering a Shared Decision-Making® video program entitled "Is a PSA Test Right for You?" This program provides unbiased information about getting tested for prostate cancer. A Consumer Reports review of this program found it to be "balanced, objective, and useful to men making a decision about whether to undergo prostate-cancer screening."



news

- Order a Shared
 - Decision-Making® Video
- CollaborativeCare.net a Great Link at
 - SusanLoveMD.org
- CollaborativeCare.net wins WWW Health Award
- CollaborativeCare.net featured in Newsweek
- NewsHour on Prostate Screening

Support for decisions that matter most.

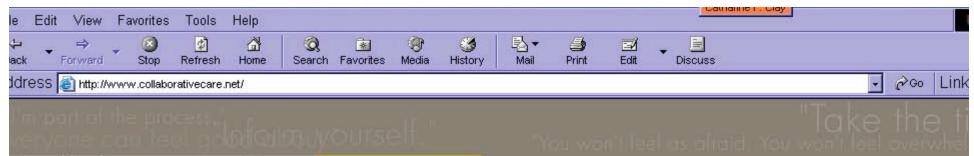
PSA Decision

Breast Cancer Center

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CollaborativeCare not

Breast Cancer Center

Studies have shown that patients who play an active role in the decisions affecting their healthcare are more satisfied with the care they receive. Bringing the patient into the decision-making process through Shared Decision-Making® is what Collaborative Caress is all about.

To help you think about what's important to you, doctors from the Foundation for Informed Medical Decision Making, have developed the decision tools on this site that are produced and distributed by Health Dialog, Inc. The audio-visual presentations on each topic spotlight the opinions and stories of real women and the decisions they made. This site provides you with the latest medical information, research and professional opinions about breast cancer to help you learn about your options and, with your doctor, choose what's right for you.

The topics below address crossroads in breast cancer decision-making you may want to learn about. Click on a topic for details and the option to view a fast-loading, multimedia presentation on thirteen different issues relating to breast cancer:



- Prevention and Screening
- · Diagnostic Testing After Abnormal Test Results
- · Treatment After a Recent Diagnosis of Breast Cancer
- · Monitoring and Care After Treatment
- F.,.41 ... T.,........ 100 D. 4.....



Support for decisions that matter most.

PSA Decision

Breast Cancer Center

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Most Breast Lumps are Not Breast Cancer

• As few as 5 in 100 lumps prove to be cancer



The Breast Cancer Center of CollaborativeCare.net

Read Summary Supporting Research Related Links

Foundation Contributing Editors: Debasish Tripathy, MD Laura Esserman, MD, MBA

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Oct. 5, 2005

Health Decision Guides

Do you face a major decision for treating or preventing a condition, or managing your reproductive health? These tools enable you to weigh the pros and cons of different options, to help you choose the approach that's best for you.

- ACL Injury
- Adjuvant Therapy for Breast Cancer
- · Carpal Tunnel Syndrome
- · Children's Middle Ear Infections
- Colon Cancer Screening
- Early-Stage Breast Cancer
- · Early-Stage Prostate Cancer
- Enlarged Prostate (BPH)
- · Herniated Disk
- Uterine Fibroids
- · Vaginal Birth After C-Section







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Ion Cancer Screening

Health Decision Guide

Oct. 5, 2005

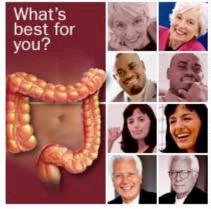
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HIS DECISION GUIDE

Velcome bout colon cancer creening options leet the Mayo Clinic doctor hings to consider elated links

Welcome

By Mayo Clinic staff



Colon cancer — which includes cancers of both the colon and the rectum — is the second leading type of cancer death in the United States. Just as not smoking goes a long way in preventing lung cancer, regular testing for and removal of colon polyps — small, protruding clumps of cells on the inside wall of the colon — can prevent colon cancer. Whether or not you've decided to get screened, you may feel overwhelmed by all the testing options available to you.

Factors to consider

This guide is designed to help you make an informed decision about your screening options. As with most things, one size doesn't fit all. Think of yourself and your doctor as partners in the decision-making process. Your decision about what screening test(s) is best for you will most likely be based on a number of factors, including your:

- Age
- Medical history
- Comfort level

As you make your way through this guide, you'll learn about how colon cancer develops and whether you're at increased risk of this disease. You'll also get a detailed look at what's involved with each of the most commonly used screening tests, and you'll see and hear directly from a Mayo Clinic gastroenterologist. Whichever screening test(s) you choose, know that if you're at average or higher-than-average risk of colon cancer, some screening is better than no screening. Proper screening and early





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Barium enema

- Pros and cons Colonoscopy
- Pros and cons Fecal occult blood test
- · Pros and cons Flexible sigmoidoscopy
- Pros and cons
- **Emerging tests** DNA stool test
- Virtual colonoscopy

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Pros and cons

If you're 50 or older and at average risk of colon cancer, one screening option is a colonoscopy every 10 years and an annual FOBT. However, the decision is a personal one and is influenced by your priorities and concerns. When it's time to decide which test(s) to have, consider these points concerning colonoscopy:

Pros	Cons				
It's designed to screen the entire colon.	Sedation is needed.				
It's the most sensitive test for detecting precancerous polyps and cancer.	Preparing for the test — emptying the colon with laxatives — and the test itself can be unpleasant.				
Biopsy and removal of polyps or abnormal tissue often can be done during the procedure itself.	There's a slight risk — about one to three in 1,000 — of perforating the wall of the colon or rectum or causing significant bleeding and infection. This risk is somewhat higher — about 23 in 1,000 — if polyp removal is involved.				
If you're 50 or older and have Medicare benefits, coverage includes a screening colonoscopy every 10 years, but not within 48 months of a screening sigmoidoscopy.	It's more costly than the other tests — \$400 or more. Additional fees may apply.				
lf you're at higher risk, also called high risk, Medicare covers a colonoscopy every two years.	It isn't always covered by insurance.				

Starting Chemotherapy? Be Ready. Find out what you need to know. Click below: Supporting your natural defenses Understanding blood counts > Questions to ask your doctor >

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Things to consider

When choosing a colon cancer screening method, know that — whatever you decide — if you're at average or higher risk of colon cancer, some screening is better than no screening. Choosing a screening test isn't always an easy decision, but it's a potentially lifesaving one. When weighing your screening alternatives, discuss the issues with your doctor. That dialogue often makes for the best decision. Questions to consider discussing with your doctor include:

What preparation is involved?

Each test requires some preparation on your part. Some test requirements are more stringent than others. A large factor in the success of your test is your willingness and ability to properly prepare your colon. At times, this may be uncomfortable or inconvenient, but it's necessary for the test to be effective. As part of your decision, you may want to consider your willingness or ability to follow the various preparation instructions. This may — to varying extents — include significantly altering your diet and medicine intake, using laxatives or enemas, or both.

How convenient is it?

Consider:

- What you have to do to prepare for the test
- · The length of time the test runs
- The frequency of testing
- The need for sedation, which depending on your doctor's recommendation — may mean that you can't drive for up to a day
- The possible need for follow-up testing to investigate a false-positive finding or to remove or biopsy tissue.

What about cost and insurance issues?

How does cost or insurance coverage factor into your decision? What tests does your insurance provider cover? Would you pay out-of-pocket if need





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HMC Home



Center For Shared Decision Making

We offer shared decision making and decision support services to patients, the public, and professional staff. We are located on the Level 3 Mall and open from 8a.m.-5p.m., Monday through Friday.

Using Our Services

Our <u>Shared Decision Making Service</u> helps you with the process of making a health care decision. We offer counseling appointments for any decision and loan out videos and other decision aids about specific decisions. For a list of decision aids, <u>click here</u>.

- Visit our office at DHMC on level three (third green sign on the left if you are coming from the information desk rotunda).
- Call (603) 650-5578 for an appointment.
- E-mail us at <u>Shared-Decision-Making@mailbox1.hitchcock.org</u>.

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